

Here, ν --frequency; E/V --relative value of luminous energy density near frequency ν ; (E_{ν_0}/E_{ν_0}) --relative energy at peak frequency ν_0 ; α --a positive constant. The wavelength difference between two half-maximum intensity points on the distribution curve of the radiation spectrum is the spectral line width $\Delta\nu$, as shown in a diagram ...

LNO is a multifunctional optical material with excellent photorefractive, electro-optic, and nonlinear optical properties. It has been reported that the non-rare earth (e.g., Fe, Mn, V, Ce, Mg, Zn, etc.) ion doping in LNO can greatly improve their resistance to photorefractive damage [33], [34], [35]. Moreover, the doping of rare earth (RE) Pr³⁺ ion has been reported to ...

The development of phase change materials (PCMs)-based energy storage devices for both thermal and light energy has the potential to greatly enhance solar energy use efficiency, which is important in addressing the worldwide energy problem. ... Thermal regulation, Self-luminous; Energy storage Posted Date: July 27th, 2022 DOI: <https://doi> ...

Light has been, and continues to be, one of the most fundamental and indispensable elements to life and society. Generally, it can be produced in the process from a higher energy quantum mechanical state of a particle to a lower one through the emission of a photon, and the excitation can be from a variety of sources, including photoluminescence, ...

Materials with photochromic (PC) and photo-stimulated luminescence (PSL) properties have been increasingly recognized as promising candidates in information storage and anti-counterfeiting applications.

Thermally induced photoionization (Fig. 6a) posits that thermal quenching is caused by the temperature-induced promotion of an electron from the rare-earth excited 5d 1 energy level to the ...

Nature Materials 22, 289-304 (2023) Cite this article Persistent luminescent phosphors can store light energy in advance and release it with a long-lasting afterglow emission.

The applications of photoinduced electron transfer, one in solar energy storage and the other in polymeric photorefractive materials are reported. In the former case, two new kinds of polymers containing norbornadiene and carbazole pendants were synthesized. The photoisomerization of norbornadiene pendants were achieved by irradiation with the light ...

Fluorescent solutions under UV light. Absorbed photons are rapidly re-emitted under longer electromagnetic wavelengths. Photoluminescence (abbreviated as PL) is light emission from any form of matter after the absorption of photons (electromagnetic radiation). [1] It is one of many forms of luminescence (light emission) and is initiated by photoexcitation (i.e. photons that ...

One example of materials with intriguing luminescent phenomena is PersL materials, which have aroused much interest from researchers [6,12,13]. These materials have the ability to store energy in their defect (trap) centers and release it gradually by emitting light after the removal of the excitation source [6,12,14]. This phenomenon is commonly designated as ...

Photoinduced radical luminescence (PIRL) materials are usually accompanied by dynamic luminescent phenomena such as luminescence enhancement, color change, or lifetime increase with the continuous irradiation of excitation light. [40]

To store the solar energy directly in the form of thermal energy, some media such as metal materials (Xu et al., 2018, Holm et al., 2017), semiconductor materials (Zhang et al., 2020a, Zhang et al., 2020b, Fang et al., 2018), and carbon-based materials (Tahan Latibari and Sadrameli, 2018) are introduced into the PCMs to obtain the functional ...

Heteroaryl-linked NBD dimers switch below 468 nm (QC lifetime up to 16 h), but due to lower MW are better suited for solar thermal energy storage (increased energy storage capacity per mol). [104] Dithiafulvalene linker can raise the absorption onset as high as 556 nm, but these compounds are more sensitive on photodegradation, and ...

We demonstrate an effective design strategy of photoswitchable phase change materials based on the bis-azobenzene scaffold. These compounds display a solid phase in the E,E state and a liquid phase in the Z,Z state, in contrast to their monoazobenzene counterparts that exhibit less controlled phase transition behaviors that are largely influenced by their ...

This review provides a comprehensive overview of the progress in light-material interactions (LMIs), focusing on lasers and flash lights for energy conversion and storage applications. We discuss intricate LMI parameters such as light sources, interaction time, and fluence to elucidate their importance in material processing. In addition, this study covers ...

In this Review, various classes of molecular photoswitches triggered with visible light are reported together with their applications in phototriggered smart materials - polymers, hydrogels, ...

In contrast, it is "small polarization" when the effect range is smaller than the lattice parameters. When $E_{ex} > E_g$, the host first absorbs the energy and then transfers it to the luminous centers or emits the energy itself. White light is obtained by combining the luminous ions and host emission, which is commonly applied at present to ...

Energy conversion is a prime concern of the scientific community and industrial sectors around the world 1,2,3. Among the various stimuli, light is a clean energy source which is both safe and ...

Photo-induced energy storage luminous materials

Luminescent materials, or phosphors, are organic, inorganic, or hybrid organic/inorganic systems that convert certain types of energy into electromagnetic radiation over thermal radiation. The ability of these materials to produce luminescence does not depend on the aggregation state, which can be solid, liquid, or even gaseous. M. G.

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Photoinduced transitions between the solid, glass, and liquid states based on molecular photoswitches promise an enormous variety of applications, such as photoswitchable adhesives, which ...

It is worth noting that this chemiluminescent unit is a kind of self-luminous substance without the requirement of additional excitation stimulus (such as light, electric and thermo). ... which could generate stable photo-induced fluorescence only at coordinating state and ... Three-dimensional printing of graphene-based materials for energy ...

It is worth to note that it remains to be investigated whether the energy transfer modes are the same in persistent luminescent materials and regular fluorescent materials, since in persistent luminescent materials the defects play an important role in persistent luminescence, and the effects on energy transfer are not reported so far.

An azobenzene-based photothermal energy storage system for co-harvesting photon energy and low-grade ambient heat via a photoinduced crystal-to-liquid transition January 2022 Energy Materials 2(4 ...

(a) T-type and P-type, or positive and negative photochromism. The coloring process (A->B) is usually induced by optical stimulation, while the bleaching process (B->A) can be achieved upon either thermal or optical stimulation; (b) Reversible transformation of a chemical species between two states, A and B, with different optical absorption properties; (c) Ideal photochromic ...

The persistent luminescent materials are a class of photo-luminescent materials. When excited by light irradiation, the persistent luminescent materials absorb light energy and store in the matrix. After the excitation stops, the stored energy will be gradually released in the form of light emission, and this luminescence lifetime can last long.

Thermal energy storage materials and systems for solar energy applications [35] Khan et al. ... The thermal enthalpy could be induced via low voltages (e.g., 1.5 V) or light illumination due to highly continuous conductive network, with high electro-to-thermal or photo-to-thermal conversion efficiencies (40% to 60%). ... In addition to photo-to ...

Photo-induced energy storage luminous materials

In this paper, we report a force-induced charge carrier storage (FICS) effect in deep-trap ML materials, which enables storage of the applied mechanical energy in deep traps and then release of ...

Therefore, the long afterglow material is an energy storage material that can provide long-term illumination [19]. According to the type of matrix, long afterglow luminescent materials mainly include sulfide systems, aluminate systems, silicate systems, gallate systems, and other systems.

Reversible field-induced phase transitions define antiferroelectric perovskite oxides and lay the foundation for high-energy storage density materials, required for future green technologies.

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