

The integration of phase change materials (PCMs), explored by researchers like Khudhair & Farid and Soares et al., augments concrete's thermal energy storage capabilities. These endeavours broaden the potential applications of concrete-based TES systems, making them versatile and efficient.

Strategies such as incorporating alternative cementitious materials or implementing carbon capture technologies enhance the sustainability of concrete-based TES systems. Extensive research on phase change materials (PCMs) focuses on enhancing efficiency and sustainability in thermal energy storage applications.

Herein, we have used a hollow fiber membrane as a support layer material to encapsulate paraffin in order to prepare a phase change energy storage material. The phase change energy storage ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) are ideal carriers for clean energy conversion and storage due to their high thermal energy storage capacity and low cost. During the phase transition process, PCMs are able to store thermal energy in the form of latent heat, which is more efficient and steadier compared to other types of heat storage media (e.g ...

This work is aimed to produce a novel energy effective-composite material was prepared for building thermal energy storage (TES) purposes by incorporating microencapsulated phase material (MicroPCM) into a wood fiber-starch (WFC). Characterization studies on the MicroPCM/WFC material included the assessments of microstructures via scanning electron ...

Each phase change material has a unique potential for energy savings. The results also show that, in comparison to the other options, bioPCM-Q27 significantly reduced power usage. When greenhouses utilize phase change materials in addition to power, their gas usage drops dramatically during the winter.

Phase change energy storage technology, as an efficient means of energy storage, has an extremely high energy storage density, and can store or release thermal energy under isothermal conditions, which is an effective means of improving the imbalance between energy supply and demand. ... Wu et al. [39] have constructed a phase change fiber ...

The combination of phase change materials (PCMs) with building materials is a flourishing technology owing to the low-temperature change of the materials during phase change and the potential for enhanced heat storage and release. In this study, a new type of PCM energy pile, in which 20 stainless steel tubes (22 mm in diameter and 1400 mm in length) filled with ...

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journal={Construction and ...

Thus, a great deal of attention has been devoted in recent years, in addressing the energy challenges in buildings through the integration of thermal energy storage (TES) systems using phase change materials (PCMs) [5, 13, 14] short, the PCM is a type of material which can store and release the thermal energy through a phase transition process at near ...

In this study, phase change materials (PCMs) were innovatively incorporated into hybrid fiber concrete. The properties of PCMs, which absorb and release heat during phase transitions, enable the concrete to actively respond to complex and varying temperature environments. This integration reduces the internal temperature differentials within the ...

Although the large latent heat of pure PCMs enables the storage of thermal energy, the cooling capacity and storage efficiency are limited by the relatively low thermal conductivity (~1 W/(m ? K)) when compared to metals (~100 W/(m ? K)). 8, 9 To achieve both high energy density and cooling capacity, PCMs having both high latent heat and high thermal ...

In active latent heat energy storage systems, phase change materials are seamlessly combined with various systems ... characterization and thermo-regulative performance of microencapsulated phase change material included-glass fiber reinforced foam concrete as novel thermal energy effective-building material. Energy, 257 (2022), Article 124786.

The composite phase change material (PCM) consisting of phase change paraffin (PCP) and polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA) was prepared as a novel type of shape-stabilized PCM for building energy conservation through the method of bulk polymerization. The chemical structure, morphology, phase change temperature and enthalpy, and mechanical ...

Phase Change Material (PCM) has the ability to absorb and to release a large amount of latent heat during its temperature-constant phase change process. This characteristic makes PCM an ideal candidate for building thermal energy storage (TES). The incorporation of...

To study the effect of nano-SiO 2 on the frost resistance of phase change concrete, and to further explore the deterioration of its internal pore structure under the effect of freeze-thaw cycles, X-ray tomography was applied to the rapid freeze-thaw test for the study of frost resistance, and the pore structure of the modified concrete was reconstructed during the ...

Phase-change material (PCM) refers to a material that absorbs or releases large latent heat by phase transition between different phases of the material itself (solid-solid phase or solid-liquid phase) at certain temperatures. 1-3 PCMs have high heat storage densities and melting enthalpies, which enable them to store relatively dense amounts of energy under the ...



Phase change energy storage fiber concrete

Concrete with smart and functional properties (e.g., self-sensing, self-healing, and energy harvesting) represents a transformative direction in the field of construction materials. Energy-harvesting concrete has the capability to store or convert the ambient energy (e.g., light, thermal, and mechanical energy) for feasible uses, alleviating global energy and pollution ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) can alleviate concerns over energy to some extent by reversibly storing a tremendous amount of renewable and sustainable thermal energy. However, the low thermal conductivity, low electrical conductivity, and weak photoabsorption of pure PCMs hinder their wider applicability and development.

To produce phase change energy storage concrete, phase change materials (PCM) can be encapsulated and mixed into concrete. ... Effective Utilization of Chopped Basalt Fiber and Pozzolana Slurry TRCA for Sustainable Recycled Structural Concrete with Improved Fire Resistance. Journal of Materials in Civil Engineering, 35 (3) (2023)

Phase Change Materials (PCMs) exhibit high energy density and adaptability, undergoing phase transitions for efficient heat storage. Liquids, like molten salts, boast high thermal conductivity and wide operating temperatures. Metals offer excellent thermal conductivity but can be cost-prohibitive.

Semantic Scholar extracted view of "Experimental study on the performance of phase change energy storage concrete for energy piles based on Gum Arabic and PEG-600" by Hong Chang et al. Skip to search form Skip to ... Effective Utilization of Chopped Basalt Fiber and Pozzolana Slurry TRCA for Sustainable Recycled Structural Concrete with ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) are gaining increasing attention and becoming popular in the thermal energy storage field. Microcapsules enhance thermal and mechanical performance of PCMs used in thermal energy storage by increasing the heat transfer area and preventing the leakage of melting materials.

Organic phase-change materials (PCM) can response and buffer the temperature fluctuation of environments via absorbing/releasing thermal energy, and thus could offer a comfortable microclimate surrounding human body [14, 15].Furthermore, PCM with intrinsic latent heat storage and conversion ability could harvest and utilize thermal energy from ...

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