

Phase change materials (PCMs) provide passive storage of thermal energy in buildings to flatten heating and cooling load profiles and minimize peak energy demands. They are commonly microencapsulated in a protective shell to enhance thermal transfer due to their much larger surface-area-to-volume ratio.

The increasing demand for energy supply and environmental changes caused by the use of fossil fuels have stimulated the search for clean energy management systems with high efficiency [1]. Solar energy is the fastest growing source and the most promising clean and renewable energy for alternative fossil fuels because of its inexhaustible, environment-friendly ...

Her research interests mainly focus on the synthesis and applications of flexible phase change materials for thermal energy storage and conversion. Ge Wang received her Ph.D. in Chemistry from the Michigan Technological University, United States, in 2002. Currently she is a professor and Ph.D. supervisor in the School of Material Science and ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) are currently an important class of modern materials used for storage of thermal energy coming from renewable energy sources such as solar energy or geothermal energy. PCMs are used in modern applications such as smart textiles, biomedical devices, and electronics and automotive industry.

Phase change materials can improve the efficiency of energy systems by time shifting or reducing peak thermal loads. The value of a phase change material is defined by its ...

Recent developments in phase change materials for energy storage applications: a review. *Int J Heat Mass Tran*, 129 (2019), pp. 491-523. [View PDF](#) [View article](#) [View in Scopus](#) [Google Scholar](#) [6] J. Pereira da Cunha, P. Eames. Thermal energy storage for low and medium temperature applications using phase change materials - a review.

Thermal energy harvesting and its applications significantly rely on thermal energy storage (TES) materials. Critical factors include the material's ability to store and release heat with minimal temperature differences, the range of temperatures covered, and repetitive sensitivity. The short duration of heat storage limits the effectiveness of TES. Phase change ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) are an important class of innovative materials that considerably contribute to the effective use and conservation of solar energy and wasted heat in thermal energy ...

Inorganic porous material is usually a good adsorption carrier serving for storage of solid-liquid phase change materials. As one of the largest types of industrial waste resource, reutilization of fly ash (FA) is an important way to protect environment, save energy and reduce emissions. In this study, a novel shape-stabilized phase

change material (SSPCM) composed ...

Recent developments in phase change materials for energy storage applications: A review. *Int. J. Heat Mass Transf.* 2019, 129, 491-523. [Google Scholar] de Gracia, A.; Cabeza, L.F. Phase change materials and thermal energy storage for buildings. *Energy Build.* 2015, 103, 414-419. [Google Scholar] [Green Version]

The research on phase change materials (PCMs) for thermal energy storage systems has been gaining momentum in a quest to identify better materials with low-cost, ease of availability, improved thermal and chemical stabilities and eco-friendly nature. The present article comprehensively reviews the novel PCMs and their synthesis and characterization techniques ...

Phase change materials are renowned for their ability to absorb and release substantial heat during phase transformations and have proven invaluable in compact thermal energy storage technologies and thermal management applications.

Energy security and environmental concerns are driving a lot of research projects to improve energy efficiency, make the energy infrastructure less stressed, and cut carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions. One research goal is to increase the effectiveness of building heating applications using cutting-edge technologies like solar collectors and heat pumps. ...

This section is an introduction into materials that can be used as Phase Change Materials (PCM) for heat and cold storage and their basic properties. ... PHASE CHANGE MATERIALS AND THEIR BASIC PROPERTIES. In: Paksoy, H. (eds) *Thermal Energy Storage for Sustainable Energy Consumption*. NATO Science Series, vol 234. Springer, Dordrecht. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-94-007-5444-4_1

Based on chemical composition, PCMs are divided into inorganic and organic materials. There are many kinds of phase change materials for energy storage, such as salt hydrates, molten salts, paraffin, sugar alcohols, fatty acids, etc. According to different energy storage mechanisms and technical characteristics, they are applicable to different occasions.

the fundamental physics of phase change materials used for energy storage. Phase change materials absorb thermal energy as they melt, holding that energy until the material is again solidified ...

Thermal energy storage technologies utilizing phase change materials (PCMs) that melt in the intermediate temperature range, between 100 and 220 °C, have the potential to mitigate the intermittency issues of wind and solar energy. This technology can take thermal or electrical energy from renewable sources and store it in the form of heat. This is of particular ...

An effective way to store thermal energy is employing a latent heat storage system with organic/inorganic phase change material (PCM). PCMs can absorb and/or release a remarkable amount of latent ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) have attracted tremendous attention in the field of thermal energy storage owing to the large energy storage density when going through the isothermal phase transition process, and the functional PCMs have been deeply explored for the applications of solar/electro-thermal energy storage, waste heat storage and utilization, ...

The improved thermal conductivity and phase change enthalpy (which corresponds to energy density) are the two important parameters that make the graphene-aerogel-based phase change composites an attractive materials for thermal storage applications.

Photothermal phase change energy storage materials show immense potential in the fields of solar energy and thermal management, particularly in addressing the intermittency issues of solar power ...

Abstract Phase-change materials (PCMs) offer tremendous potential to store thermal energy during reversible phase transitions for state-of-the-art applications. ... are gaining much attention toward practical thermal-energy storage (TES) owing to their inimitable advantages such as solid-state processing, negligible volume change during phase ...

Compared with the thermal curing process, the photocuring process has advantages such as high efficiency and less energy consumption. However, the preparation of photocurable phase change materials (PCMs) with photothermal conversion and self-cleaning properties is challenging due to the conflict between the transparency required by the ...

Phase-changing materials are nowadays getting global attention on account of their ability to store excess energy. Solar thermal energy can be stored in phase changing material (PCM) in the forms of latent and sensible heat. The stored energy can be suitably utilized for other applications such as space heating and cooling, water heating, and further industrial processing where low ...

Solar energy is utilizing in diverse thermal storage applications around the world. To store renewable energy, superior thermal properties of advanced materials such as phase change materials are essentially required to enhance maximum utilization of solar energy and for improvement of energy and exergy efficiency of the solar absorbing system. This chapter deals ...

In particular, the melting point, thermal energy storage density and thermal conductivity of the organic, inorganic and eutectic phase change materials are the major selection criteria for various thermal energy storage applications with a wider operating temperature range.

Solar energy is a clean and inexhaustible source of energy, among other advantages. Conversion and storage of the daily solar energy received by the earth can effectively address the energy crisis, environmental pollution and other challenges [4], [5], [6], [7].The conversion and use of energy are subject to spatial and

temporal mismatches [8], [9], such as ...

Biobased PCM in thermal energy storage for a sustainable future. While the discussion on PCMs from biobased raw materials is relatively new, there are other sectors like the one of plastic production, where biobased materials are being developed and have been discussed for decades.

Thermal storage is very relevant for technologies that make thermal use of solar energy, as well as energy savings in buildings. Phase change materials (PCMs) are positioned as an attractive alternative to storing thermal energy. This review provides an extensive and comprehensive overview of recent investigations on integrating PCMs in the following low ...

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Thermal analysis of a natural circulation solar air heater with phase change material energy storage. *Renewable Energy*, 28 (2003), pp. 2269-2299. View PDF View article View in Scopus Google Scholar. Esen and Durmus, 1998. M. Esen, A. Durmus.

Phase change materials (PCM) have been widely used in thermal energy storage fields. As a kind of important PCMs, solid-solid PCMs possess unique advantages of low subcooling, low volume expansion, good thermal stability, suitable latent heat, and thermal conductivity, and have attracted great attention in recent years.

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